Focus Report

New Chemicals Program PMN Number: P-05-0286

Focus Date: 03/10/2005 12:00:00 AM Report Status: InProgress

Consolidated Set:

Focus Chair: A. Binder Contractor: TKP

I. Notice Information

Submitter: CAS Number:

Chemical Name:

Use: Hydraulic fracturing additive

Other Uses: Awaiting ISIS Entry PV-Max: 100,000 Kg/yr

Manufacture: X Import:

Production Volume other information:

II. SAT Results

(1) Health Rating: 1-2 Eco Rating: 2 Comments: ;

Additional SAT information:

Occupational: 1 Non-Occupational: 1 Environmental:

(1) **PBT:** Comments:

Awaiting Fate Awaiting Fate Entry Awaiting Human Awaiting Fate Entry

Entry Health Entry

Awaiting Fate Awaiting Fate Entry

Awaiting Human

Awaiting Fate Entry

Entry

Health Entry

Entry Health Entry

Awaiting Fate Awaiting Fate Entry Awaiting Human

Awaiting Fate Awaiting Fate Entry

Awaiting Human

Health Entry

Awaiting Fate Entry

III. OTHER FACTORS

Categories:

Health Chemical Category: Ecotox SAR and ; Anionic Surfactants,

TSCA New Chemical Category:

Related Cases/Regulatory History:

Health related Cases: Ecotox Related Cases:

Regulatory History: FOCUS DROP

MSDS/Label Information:

MSDS: Yes

Exposure Based Information:

Exposure Based Review: Exposure Based Review (Health): Exposure Based Review (Eco): Exposure Based (Occupational): No Exposure Based Review Exposure Based (Environmental):

(Non Occupatuional):

IV. Summary of SAT Assessment

Legacy SAT assessment: CASE NUMBER: P05-0286

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FATE: Solid LogKow = 3.78(E); S (mg/L, 25^{\circ}C) = 16.7(E); H = 5.00E-8(E) MP (C) = 65(E); BP (C) = 344(E); VP @ 25C (mm) = 3.2E-6(E) LogKoc = 2.71(E); LogBCF = 2.21(E); POTW removal (%) = 90 via sorption and biodeg Time for complete ultimate aerobic biodeg = wk-mo PBT Potential: P1B1T1 Sorption to soils/sediments = v.strong
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HEALTH: Poor absorption from the skin and GI tract, moderate absorption from the lung (analog). Absorption is poor from the skin, moderate from the GI tract, and good from the lung (analog). Concern for surfactant effects on the lung; irritation to eye, skin (chronic), mucous membranes and lung based on surfactant properties of the compounds.

ECOTOX: Predicted (P) and measured (M) toxicity values in mg/L (ppm) are: fish 96-h LC50 $\,>\,\,$ 1.4 $\,$ P daphnid 48-h LC50 $\,>\,\,$ 4.6 $\,$ P green algal 96-h EC50 c $>\,\,$ 34.0 $\,$ P fish chronic value $\,>\,\,$ 0.200 P daphnid ChV $\,>\,\,$ 0.700 P algal ChV c $\,>\,\,$ 5.0 $\,$ P

Predictions are based on SAR-nearest analog method for alkyl phosphate anionic surfactants alkyl hydrophobe; SAR chemical class = surfactant-anionic-phosphate solid (P); log Kow for the free acid = 3.8 (EPI); S = 17 mg/L at 20 C for the free acid (P), dispersible at pH 7 with a soluble salt (RAD); pH7; effective concentrations based on 100% active ingredients and mean measured concentrations; hardness <150.0 mg/L as CaCO3; and TOC <2.0 mg/L;

 $\begin{array}{ll} moderate \ concern \ for \ toxicity; \\ assessment \ factor &= 10.0 \\ concern \ concentration &= 0.020 \ mg/L \ (ppm) \end{array}$

Fate:

Fate Summary:

Health:

Health Summary:

Ecotox:

Ecotox Values:

Fish 96-h LC50: Daphnid 48-h LC50: Green algal 96-h EC50: Fish Chronic Value: Daphnid ChV: Algal ChV:

Ecotox Factors:

Assessment Factor: Concern Concentration: - Acute Value Concern Concentration: - Chronic Value

Legacy summary of eposures and releases: Manu:

1 site, < 3 workers, 11 d/yr

Inhal: negligible

Dermal: 1000 mg/d (liquid -

Releases to water: 33 kg/s/d, 11 d/yr Releases to landfill: 200 kg/yr

OR

Releases via incineration: 200 kg/yr

Releases to air: 2.0 kg/d, 11 d/yr

Fate: Releases to water (90% removal efficiency)

SWC: 1.26 ppb

DW:LADD: 8.65e-8 mg/kg/d, ADD: 2.16e-7 mg/kg/d, ADR: 7.50e-5 mg/kg/d Fish:LADD: 6.01e-8 mg/kg/d, ADD: 1.50e-7 mg/kg/d, ADR: 1.07e-4 mg/kg/d

>COC (20 ppb): no exceedance

Fate: Releases to air

LADD: 8.09e-6 mg/kg/d, ADD: 2.02e-5 mg/kg/d

Fate: Releases via incineration

LADD: 4.41e-11 mg/kg/d, ADD: 1.10e-10 mg/kg/d

Use:

125 sites, 16 workers, 1 d/yr

Inhal: negligible

Dermal: 1000 mg/d (liquid -

Releases to water: not expected

V. Summary of Exposures/Releases Engineering Summary:

Exposures/Releases		
Scenario		
Sites		
Media		
Descriptor A		
Quantity A (kg/site/day)		
Frequency A (day/year)		
Descriptor B		
Quantity B (kg/site/day)		
Frequency B (day/year)		
From		
Workers		
Exposure Type		

VI. Focus Decision and Rationale

Regulatory Actions

Regulatory Decision: Drop Decision Date: 03/10/2005

Type of Decision:

Rationale: P05-0286 was dropped from further review. Potential risks to human health

were addressed by adequate dermal protection, negligible inhalation exposures, and adequate warnings in the MSDS. Potential risks to the environment were low based on no exceedance of the 20 ppb COC. This was an exposure-based

review, however, no CEB or EAB exposure-based criteria were met.

P2 Rec Comments:

Testing:

Final Recommended:

Health:

Eco: Fate: Other:

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STRUCTURE ACTIVIT	Y TEAM REPORT	ver. 04/98		
Case #: P-05-6	0286	DCN:		
SAT Date: 2/15/2	2005	SAT Chair:	L. Keifer	20
Submitter:				REGE OFFT 2005 MAR 23
Chemical Name:				R 23
				PH 3: 39
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CAS RN:				
Start and the				
Structure				
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			,	

Molecular Formula:				
Molecular Wt.	WT%<500:		WT%<1000:	
MP:	BP:		Eq. Wt:	
H2O Sol (g/L):	0.0167	V.P.		<0.000001
Max. Prod. Volume (kg/yr): USE:	10	0000 Physical State:		Solid (Est)
Hydraulic fracturing additive (oil g oil well formations by enhancing t	he permeability of the well for	mation and increase the flo	ow of crude oil.	
5 references were found in CA. C Related Case Nur			ave a similar use. For an exam Case Numbers	ple, see CA 141:142971. Case Role
P04-806				
Focus Date: Jun 10	2005	TO 8 F)	
Focus Date: MAR 10	2005 Results:	DKOP		
		Page / ot 5		

CASE NUMBER: P05-0286

RELATED CASES:

CONCLUSIONS/DISCUSSIONS

TYPE OF CONCERN:

HEALTH

ECOTOX

LEVEL OF CONCERN:

1-2

2

KEYWORDS: LUNG IRR-E,S,MM

AQUATOX

SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT

FATE: Solid

LogKow = 3.78(E); S (mg/L, 25°C) = 16.7(E); H = 5.00E-8(E)

MP (C) = 65(E); BP (C) = 344(E); VP @ 25C (mm) = 3.2E-6(E)

LogKoc = 2.71(E); LogBCF = 2.21(E);

POTW removal (%) = 90 via sorption and biodeg

Time for complete ultimate aerobic biodeg = wk-mo

PBT Potential: P1B1T1

Sorption to soils/sediments = v.strong

*CEB FATE: Migration to ground water = negl

HEALTH: Poor absorption from the skin and GI tract, moderate absorption from the lung (analog). Concern for surfactant effects on the lung; irritation to eye, skin (chronic), mucous membranes and lung based on surfactant properties of the compounds.

*CEB HEALTH: Low moderate concern (Dermal, inhalation); XB: Testing desired

ECOTOX: Predicted (P) and measured (M) toxicity values in mg/L

(ppm) are:

fish 96-h LC50 > 1.4 P daphnid 48-h LC50 > 4.6 P

green algal 96-h EC50 c > 34.0 P fish chronic value > 0.200 P

fish chronic value > 0.200 P daphnid ChV > 0.700 P

algal ChV c > 5.0

Predictions are based on SAR-nearest analog method for alkyl phosphate anionic surfactants with alkyl

hydrophobe; SAR chemical class = surfactant-anionic-phosphate-; solid (P); log Kow for the free acid =

3.8 (EPI); S = 17 mg/L at 20 C for the free acid (P),

dispersible at pH 7 with a soluble salt (RAD); pH7; effective concentrations based on 100% active ingredients and mean measured concentrations; hardness <150.0 mg/L as CaCO3; and TOC <2.0 mg/L:

moderate concern for toxicity;

assessment factor = 10.0
concern concentration = 0.020 mg/L (ppm)
*CEB ECOTOX: All releases to water with CC = 20 ppb; XB:
Testing desired.

SAT Co-chair: Leonard Keifer 564-8916

	ORT					_
PMN:	P-05-028	36	CAS RN:			
Chemical Name:				Analogs	s:	
				Product	tion Volume:	100000 0
Structure:						100000.0
		_				
micellar network to	be used to fract	ture crude oil we	viscosity under pressure	e by creating a the	nree-dimens	ional ell
micellar network to formation and incr	be used to fract ease the flow of	ture crude oil we crude oil.	viscosity under pressure Ill formations by enhanc tents. All 4 patented CA	ing the permeab	ility of the w	ell
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